Appendix A

Shropshire Council Equality and Social Inclusion Impact Assessment (ESIIA)

Name of service change:

Removal of the existing five hackney carriage (taxi) zones ('the zones') in Shropshire and application of a single taxi licensing regime throughout the administrative area of Shropshire Council.

Contextual Notes 2016

The What and the Why:

The Shropshire Council Equality and Social Inclusion Impact Assessment (ESIIA) approach helps to identify whether or not any new or significant changes to services, including policies, procedures, functions or projects, may have an adverse impact on a particular group of people, and whether the human rights of individuals may be affected.

This assessment encompasses consideration of social inclusion. This is so that we are thinking as carefully and completely as possible about all Shropshire groups and communities, including people in rural areas and people we may describe as vulnerable, for example due to low income or to safeguarding concerns, as well as people in what are described as the nine 'protected characteristics' of groups of people in our population, eg Age. We demonstrate equal treatment to people who are in these groups and to people who are not, through having what is termed 'due regard' to their needs and views when developing and implementing policy and strategy and when commissioning, procuring, arranging or delivering services.

It is a legal requirement for local authorities to assess the equality and human rights impact of changes proposed or made to services. Carrying out ESIIAs helps us as a public authority to ensure that, as far as possible, we are taking actions to meet the general equality duty placed on us by the Equality Act 2010, and to thus demonstrate that the three equality aims are integral to our decision making processes. These are: eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation; advancing equality of opportunity; and fostering good relations.

The How:

The guidance and the evidence template are combined into one document for ease of access and usage, including questions that set out to act as useful prompts to service areas at each stage. The assessment comprises two parts: a screening part, and a full report part.

Screening (Part One) enables energies to be focussed on the service changes for which there are potentially important equalities and human rights implications. If screening indicates that the impact is likely to be positive overall, or is likely to have a medium or low negative or positive impact on certain groups of people, a full report is not required. Energies should instead focus on review and monitoring and ongoing evidence collection, enabling incremental improvements and adjustments that will lead to overall positive impacts for all groups in Shropshire.

A *full report (Part Two)* needs to be carried out where screening indicates that there are considered to be or likely to be significant negative impacts for certain groups of people, and/or where there are human rights implications. Where there is some uncertainty as to what decision to reach based on the evidence available, a full report is recommended, as it enables more evidence to be collected that will help the service area to reach an informed opinion.

Shropshire Council Part 1 ESIIA: initial screening and assessment

Please note: prompt questions and guidance within boxes are in italics. You are welcome to type over them when completing this form. Please extend the boxes if you need more space for your commentary.

Name of service change

Removal of the existing five hackney carriage (taxi) taxi zones ('the zones') in Shropshire and application of a single taxi licensing regime throughout the administrative area of Shropshire Council.

Aims of the service change and description

Aims

To further promote equal transport rights for wheelchair users in Shropshire and, where relevant, their carers who may wish to use hackney carriages (taxis) as a form of transport without unduly undermining the commercial operation of existing taxi provision outside of 'zone 4' (this area being defined by reference to the previous Shrewsbury & Atcham Borough Council area) and taking account of the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) placed on Shropshire Council ('the Council').

To create a single area that would permit Shropshire Council licensed taxis to operate across the whole of the administrative area of the Council rather than being restricted to the zone for which they are currently licensed.

To ensure all taxis (not only those currently licensed to operate in 'zone 4'), licensed by the Council in the future, are wheelchair accessible.

To protect the safety of the public.

Description

The control of taxi licensing is currently based on the regimes that existed within the previous district and borough councils prior to the formation of Shropshire Council in 2009; hence, within the administrative area of Shropshire Council, there are currently five separate taxi zones that are defined by reference to the five previous district and borough council areas, namely:-

Zone 1 – Bridgnorth District Council

Zone 2 – North Shropshire District Council

Zone 3 – Oswestry Borough Council

Zone 4 – Shrewsbury & Atcham Borough Council

Zone 5 – South Shropshire District Council

The removal of the zones is inextricably linked to both the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED)

and the more recent enactment of Sections 165 and 167 of the Equality Act 2010 that gave the Council the power to publish a Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles. Given the responsibilities that are placed on the Council in this regard, there is a clear need for the Council to enable Shropshire Council licenced taxis to operate across the whole of the Shropshire Council administrative area to achieve the most effective outcomes for wheelchair users and, where relevant, their carers.

The Council has a duty to provide for the licensing of taxis under the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 and under the relevant adopted provisions of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976. In addition, the adopted provisions of the 1976 Act mean that the Council must also provide for the licensing of private hire drivers, vehicles and operators.

The Council has the legal power to remove the five existing taxi zones and this is set out in provisions within the Local Government Act 1972; there is no power to re-create the five zones, or any other combination of zones, once the existing zones are removed.

Whilst it is recognised that the duty to provide for the licensing of taxis requires an efficient and effective administrative process, the fundamental purpose of the licensing regime is to protect the safety of the public. This means the Council must ensure that only fit and proper persons are licensed to be drivers, operators and proprietors of licensed vehicles and that vehicles remain safe and fit for the purpose of transporting fare-paying passengers

The Deregulation Act 2015, whilst aiming to enable private hire operators to more readily fulfil demand, has inadvertently enabled an increase in private hire drivers and vehicles licensed by other local authorities operating across the administrative area of Shropshire Council, i.e. cross-border hiring. This has increased the risk to public safety and has not only led to business being taken away from Shropshire Council private hire operators, but also adversely impacted on the available business for taxi proprietors. This is further compounded by the inability of taxi proprietors to operate outside their current designated zone.

Private hire operators are subject to robust checks in order to operate legitimate private hire businesses. There are a number of businesses that have traditionally operated under the taxi regime when in reality they are operating in the same manner as licenced private hire operators, but without having to comply with the Council's operator conditions. Although the law allows taxi proprietors to conduct their business in this way, it has the potential to undermine the steps that the Council implemented in 2015 to tackle child sexual exploitation and it will limit the Council's future ability to fully demonstrate that it robustly tackles wider exploitation, abuse, modern slavery and human trafficking of children and vulnerable adults. Taxi proprietors are being strongly encouraged to consider how they operate their business to ensure they meet all their safeguarding responsibilities.

In practice, the removal of the zones will require existing taxi proprietors to make a commercial decision based on whether they want to operate wheelchair accessible taxis, in which case the Council will support them to do so by publishing their contact details on the Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles, or alternatively to focus on being a private hire business and be subject to the private hire regime for their vehicles and to the relevant private hire operator conditions.

The practical impact of the removal of the zones is reflected in the proposed Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy 2019 to 2023, which has been the subject of a separate consultation. Full details of the proposed policy are available in the papers that were presented to the Council's Strategic Licensing Committee on the 20 June 2018 at Agenda

Item 14 https://shropshire.gov.uk/committee-services/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=166&Mld=3729&Ver=4. The outcome of the consultation will be presented to the Committee at a later date.

Intended audiences and target groups for the service change

- Persons who wish to apply for taxi and private hire vehicle, drivers or operator licences
- Persons who hold existing licences, including those that are the subject of review
- The Council, in its capacity as the licensing authority, including licensing officers, members of the relevant licensing committees and the internal panel (or other relevant decision-making bodies)
- Licensing consultants, solicitors and barristers advising and/or representing applicants/license holders
- Magistrates and judges hearing appeals against Council decisions
- Members of the public, particularly those with disabilities, who use/rely on taxi/private hire services, irrespective whether this is because they live, visit or work in Shropshire
- Other local authorities, particularly Telford & Wrekin Council, City of Wolverhampton Council and others that border the Shropshire Council area
- Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board
- Shropshire Council Children Services
- Keeping Adults Safe in Shropshire Board
- Shropshire Council Adult Services
- Shropshire Council Highways and Transport (Passenger Transport and Environmental Maintenance Teams)
- Shrewsbury Business Improvement District
- Oswestry Business Improvement District
- Shropshire Voluntary and Community Sector Assembly
- Voluntary Groups/Organisations, particularly those who represent, work with or provide services for disabled people
- Shropshire Tourist Board
- Police forces, in particular West Mercia Police
- Police and Crime Commissioner
- Shropshire located Town and Parish Councils
- Shropshire MPs

Evidence used for screening of the service change

The number of Shropshire Council licensed vehicles that are currently wheelchair accessible is 77; 57 are taxis and 20 are private hire vehicles. There are a further 69 licensed taxis and 688 licensed private hire vehicles that are currently not wheelchair accessible. This means that 45.2% of Shropshire Council licensed taxis and 2.8% of private hire vehicles are wheelchair accessible. The percentage of wheelchair accessible vehicles in Shropshire is below the percentage for England as a whole and is clearly very low for private hire vehicles, albeit it is slightly higher (by less than 1%) in Shropshire compared with the figure for England. (See below for England figures reported by DfT.)

There is no single source of data that gives a true or reliable picture of the number of wheel chair users in Shropshire; however, a report using data from the 2011 census estimates there are 6,129.

https://www.musculardystrophyuk.org/assets/0001/0981/Stand Up And Be Counted.pdf. Data available from the Council's 'Care First' records indicates there are 3,166 people registered with a physical disability; however, this data does not state whether the physical

disability is such that the individual requires the use of a wheelchair.

In April 2017, Sections 165 and 167 of the Equality Act 2010 were enacted giving the Council the power to publish a Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles. The Department of Transport (DfT) is actively encouraging local authorities to undertake the necessary steps to publish such a list in order to improve access to transport for wheelchair users (see reference to DfT letter of 30 July 2018 below).

Continuous lobbying from disability groups highlighting the lack of availability of suitable wheelchair accessible vehicles in Shropshire.

Complaints, and subsequent investigations by the Council's Trading Standards & Licensing Service, concerning licensed drivers that have discriminated against wheelchair users and passengers with other disabilities.

Government's recently published Inclusive Transport Strategy and the clear evidence that there is an increasing expectation for transport strategies to provide inclusive transport solutions for disabled passengers. The DfT report that in England 58% of all taxis were wheelchair accessible in 2018. This has remained at similar levels since 2015. In comparison 2% of private hire vehicles were wheelchair accessible in 2018, similar to the proportion in 2017.

Letter (30 July 2018) from the DfT to the Council highlighting the publication of the Inclusive Transport Strategy and including specific reference to actions that the DfT expects the Council to take in relation to improving the accessibility of taxi and private hire vehicles, specifically:

- Publishing lists of taxis and PHVs designated as being "wheelchair accessible" for the purposes of Section 167 of the Equality Act 2010.
- Prosecuting drivers for discriminating against assistance dog owners and wheelchair users, where sufficient evidence exists to do so, and applying appropriate licensing sanctions.
- Reviewing the demand for wheelchair accessible taxis and PHVs in Shropshire, and taking steps to ensure that the composition of fleets reflects this need.
- Requiring all taxi and PHV drivers to complete disability awareness training.

An increasing number of vehicles, licensed by other neighbouring local authorities that do not have the same requirements in place as Shropshire Council, are now operating in Shropshire. The extent of this increase is not known for certain, although officers undertaking enforcement exercises in Shropshire have noted up to 50% of the vehicles checked are licensed by other local authorities. In addition, the overall number of vehicles licensed by Shropshire Council is on a downward trend.

Information contained in the DfT's 'Taxi and Private Hire Vehicle Licensing: Best Practice Guidance' (March 2010).

Specific consultation and engagement with intended audiences and target groups for the service change

The Council's Strategic Licensing Committee has overseen the proposal to remove the

existing five taxi zones. The Committee is a group of Councillors drawn from across the whole of the Shropshire area. The Members of the Committee considered and approved a draft policy for formal public consultation through the Council's website and directly with relevant stakeholders. The relevant report can be found in the papers for the Committee meeting held on the 20 June 2018 at Agenda Item 13 https://shropshire.gov.uk/committee-services/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=166&Mld=3729&Ver=4

A public consultation in respect of the proposed change was undertaken over a 10-week period from 25 June 2018 to the 2 September 2018.

In addition to the general information about the consultation that was made available on the Council's 'Get involved' section of its website and on the Council and licensing team social media platforms, hard copy inserts informing driver, proprietor and operator applicants and licence holders were included in all renewal reminder correspondence and with issued licences; links to the consultation were also embedded into all emails sent out from the generic 'taxis' email address and from individual officers involved in taxi and private hire licensing.

Details of the consultation were also sent directly, by email, to:

- All hackney carriage and private hire drivers, proprietors and operators, where an email address was held on record
- Shrewsbury Tourism
- Competition and Markets Authority
- Oswestry Access Group
- Shropshire Disability Network
- West Mercia Police
- Shropshire Fire and Rescue Service
- Shropshire Council Adult Safeguarding
- Shropshire Council Children Safeguarding
- Neighbourhood Authority Working Group and Regional Taxi Licensing Forum (which included Telford & Wrekin Council and City of Wolverhampton Council)
- Shropshire Council Regulatory Services and Trading Standards & Licensing managers
- Shropshire Council Passenger Transport Team
- Director of Public Health

The consultation welcomed and encouraged feedback on the proposal to remove the existing five taxi zones and to replace this with a single taxi licensing regime throughout the administrative area of Shropshire Council.

Full details of the responses, together with the analysis of those responses with officer comments and explanatory notes, were considered by the Strategic Licensing Committee on the 3 October 2018. The relevant report can be found in the papers for the Committee meeting held on the 3 October 2018 at Agenda Item 7 https://shropshire.gov.uk/committee-services/ieListDocuments.aspx?Mld=3730. A summary of the responses is set out below.

There were 16 responses received following the consultation; 1 of which was not relevant. Of the 15 relevant responses, a significant majority (80%) were in full support of the removal of the existing five taxi zones citing advantages that would benefit both passengers and the trade. The supporting responses were received from taxi proprietors (or their representatives) who are currently licensed to operate in zones 3, 4 and 5, together with responses from a

private hire operator/driver based in zone 1, a member of the public who resides in zone 4 and a town council in zone 5. No responses were received from anyone linked to zone 2 and no taxi proprietors that currently operate in zones 1 or 2 responded. The 20% of responses that were against the proposal to remove the existing zones were based on localised economic impacts linked to the wider licensing changes that have occurred over the previous three years rather than as a direct result of removing the zones in the future.

The initial proposal to remove the existing five zones was based on an implementation date of 1 April 2019 with a two-year transition period to allow the trade to undertake appropriate financial business planning and for all taxis to be wheelchair accessible by 31 March 2021. However, feedback from the consultation suggested that this would give the taxi proprietors in zones 1, 2, 3 and 5 (who don't already have wheelchair accessible taxis) an unfair economic advantage over proprietors in zone 4 who currently do have wheelchair accessible taxis. As a result, the Committee considered a revised proposal to make the decision to remove the existing zones in 2018/19, but with an effective implementation date delayed until 1 April 2021. If this is implemented, it would mean that the trade would, in effect, still have a two-year transition period, but the taxi proprietors in zone 4 will not face immediate competition from existing proprietors in zones 1, 2, 3 and 5 as all proprietors will continue to operate in their current zones until 31 March 2021. The taxi proprietors who currently operate in zones 1, 2, 3 and 5 will, however, be fully aware that they have two years to upgrade their taxis to accommodate wheelchairs or to take a business decision not to do so and instead licence their vehicles under the private hire regime.

If taxi proprietors upgrade their vehicles, this will clearly increase the number of wheelchair accessible vehicles operating in Shropshire. However, if they opt to licence their vehicles as private hire vehicles, the number of wheelchair accessible vehicles will not increase; however, equally this approach will not reduce the number of accessible vehicles, and, significantly, under the private hire regime, the Council will be in a position to enhance its safeguarding checks on more vehicle proprietors and drivers, providing they remain with Shropshire Council and do not apply to be licensed by another Council with less robust policies in place.

This proposed amendment to the implementation date will also provide a longer lead in time for the licensing team to engage with taxi proprietors for the purposes of reviewing the existing five taxi tariff cards with the aim of replacing this with a single card. This will enhance transparency and consistency across taxi fares in Shropshire, which will, in turn, increase consumer protection as it relates to the pricing of taxi journeys.

The proposed amendment to the implementation date was held to be a fundamental change from that which had originally been consulted upon. Consequently, the Committee was asked to agree a further period of consultation for no less than four weeks commencing on the 8 October 2018. The Committee supported this and the additional consultation period was undertaken between the 8 October 2018 and 4 November 2018.

The consultation was again publicised through the Council's 'Get involved' section of its website and on the Council and licensing team social media platforms. Hard copy inserts informing driver, proprietor and operator applicants and licence holders were included in all correspondence. Links to the consultation were embedded into all emails sent out from the generic 'taxis' email address and from individual officers involved in taxi and private hire licensing. Details were also sent directly, by email, to all hackney carriage and private hire drivers, proprietors and operators, where an email address was held on record by the licensing team.

Full details of the responses to the second consultation, together with the analysis of those responses with officer comments and explanatory notes, were included in the report that was considered by the Strategic Licensing Committee on the 20 November 2018. The relevant report can be found in the papers for the Committee meeting held on the 20 November 2018 at Agenda Item 5 https://shropshire.gov.uk/committee-services/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=166&Mld=3858&Ver=4. A summary of the responses is set out below.

A total of 6 responses were received all from taxi proprietors; 4 were against the proposal to remove the five zones and 2 were in full support. The 2 in support were both from zone 4 and the 4 against were from zones 2 and 3. Of the responses, the 2 in favour of removing the zones were also supportive of the proposal to delay the implementation date until 1 April 2021.

Considering the feedback from the two consultations together, it is clear that the response is limited – only 22 (one of which was not relevant) set against over 100 taxis and over 700 private hire vehicles currently licensed by the Council. This should not, however, necessarily be perceived as a negative outcome; rather, it may demonstrate that the trade's understanding of the key role they have to play in the future of inclusive transport options, particularly for those who are wheelchair users, has improved significantly in recent years and this has been influenced by the continuing constructive dialogue between the licensing team and the taxi and private hire trade. In addition, despite the limited response, the majority (67%) of responders fully supported the removal of the zones. Those against were unable to provide robust or substantive evidence for their position and it was largely based on localised economic impacts linked to the wider licensing changes that have occurred over the previous three years rather than as a direct result of removing the zones in the future.

Overall, the clear central Government drive to improve the inclusivity of transport options, the need to improve and promote equality outcomes for those with disabilities, which is enshrined in the PSED that is placed on the Council, and the fact that the majority of those who responded (albeit a limited number) to the Council's consultation were in support of the proposal, all collectively outweigh the very small number (7) of proprietors who have indicated they are against the removal of the existing five hackney carriage zones.

As a result, the Strategic Licensing Committee concluded that it is appropriate to recommend to the Council that the five existing taxi zones are removed and a single taxi licensing regime be applied throughout the administrative area of Shropshire Council. Based on feedback to the consultation, the Committee also considered it appropriate to recommend that the Council continue with the procedural steps required to remove the five zones but to delay the actual implementation date of the single taxi licensing regime until the 1 April 2021. This is primarily to provide a more balanced economic position for all taxi proprietors and to avoid an unfair and potentially adverse impact on the existing zone 4 proprietors.

Potential impact on Protected Characteristic groups and on social inclusion

Using the results of evidence gathering and specific consultation and engagement, please consider how the service change as proposed may affect people within the nine Protected Characteristic groups and people at risk of social exclusion.

1. Have the intended audiences and target groups been consulted about:

- their current needs and aspirations and what is important to them;
- the potential impact of this service change on them, whether positive or negative, intended or unintended;
- the potential barriers they may face.
- 2. If the intended audience and target groups have not been consulted directly, have their representatives or people with specialist knowledge been consulted, or has research been explored?
- 3. Have other stakeholder groups and secondary groups, for example carers of service users, been explored in terms of potential unintended impacts?
- 4. Are there systems set up to:
 - monitor the impact, positive or negative, intended or intended, for different groups;
 - enable open feedback and suggestions from a variety of audiences through a variety of methods.
- 5. Are there any Human Rights implications? For example, is there a breach of one or more of the human rights of an individual or group?
- 6. Will the service change as proposed have a positive or negative impact on:
 - fostering good relations?
 - social inclusion?

Initial assessment for each group

Please rate the impact that you perceive the service change is likely to have on a group, through inserting a tick in the relevant column. Please add any extra notes that you think might be helpful for readers.

Protected Characteristic groups and other groups in Shropshire	High negative impact Part Two ESIIA required	High positive impact Part One ESIIA required	Medium positive or negative impact Part One ESIIA required	Low positive or negative impact Part One ESIIA required
Age (please include children, young people, people of working age, older people. Some people may belong to more than one group eg child for whom there are safeguarding concerns eg older person with disability)			✓	
Disability (please include: mental health conditions and syndromes including autism; physical disabilities or impairments; learning disabilities; Multiple Sclerosis; cancer; HIV)		/		
Gender re-assignment (please include associated aspects: safety, caring responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)				✓
Marriage and Civil Partnership (please include associated aspects: caring responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)				✓
Pregnancy & Maternity (please include associated aspects: safety, caring responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)				✓

Race (please include: ethnicity, nationality, culture, language, gypsy, traveller)			✓
Religion and belief (please include: Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism, Non conformists; Rastafarianism; Sikhism, Shinto, Taoism, Zoroastrianism, and any others)			✓
Sex (please include associated aspects: safety, caring responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)			✓
Sexual Orientation (please include associated aspects: safety; caring responsibility; potential for bullying and harassment)			✓
Other: Social Inclusion (please include families and friends with caring responsibilities; people with health inequalities; households in poverty; refugees and asylum seekers; rural communities; people for whom there are safeguarding concerns; people you consider to be vulnerable)		✓	

Guidance on what a negative impact might look like

High Negative	Significant potential impact, risk of exposure, history of complaints, no mitigating measures in place or no evidence available: urgent need for consultation with customers, general public, workforce
Medium Negative	Some potential impact, some mitigating measures in place but no evidence available how effective they are: would be beneficial to consult with customers, general public, workforce
Low Negative	Almost bordering on non-relevance to the ESIIA process (heavily legislation led, very little discretion can be exercised, limited public facing aspect, national policy affecting degree of local impact possible)

Decision, review and monitoring

Decision	Yes	No
Part One ESIIA Only?	✓	
Proceed to Part Two Full Report?		✓

If Part One, please now use the boxes below and sign off at the foot of the page. If Part Two, please move on to the full report stage.

Actions to mitigate negative impact or enhance positive impact of the service change

For all the groups, the impact is rated as positive; notably, with respect to the 'disability' group, the impact is rated as 'high positive' and 'age' as 'medium positive'. The impact is also rated as 'medium positive' for people for whom there are safeguarding concerns, given the greater ability of the Council to fully demonstrate that it robustly tackles exploitation, abuse, modern slavery and human trafficking of children and vulnerable adults, and the likely improvements overall to public safety under the proposed changes, bringing particular benefits for vulnerable households.

With respect to the remaining groups, the impact, in reality, is likely to be neutral – neither positive nor negative – with no anticipated need to take actions to mitigate or enhance the impact. The assessment took into account children and young people who are looked after by Shropshire Council and the families of children in need when considering the 'age' group and vulnerable adults, e.g. adults with learning disabilities, when considering the 'disability' group.

It is planned that licensing staff will aim to write to all existing taxi proprietors, in the week commencing 3 December 2018, to advise them of the outcome of the Strategic Licensing Committee meeting held on 20 November 2018. However, to give legal effect to the decision of the Committee to support the removal of the five existing zones, a separate report to address the required procedural steps is required and this has been prepared and will be presented to full Council on 13 December 2018. This will ensure all Council Members are aware of the proposals to remove the existing five zones and afford every Member with the opportunity to review and enhance the process that has already been overseen by the Strategic Licensing Committee prior to the Council making a final decision. This will also afford all stakeholders a further opportunity to provide feedback to Council Members prior to, and as part of, the forthcoming Council meeting in accordance with relevant Council meeting procedural rules.

Prior to the Council removing the zones, there is a legal requirement to give notice of the Council's intention to do so, including making clear the date upon which the removal of the zones will take effect. The effective date must be at least one month after the date the Council agrees the resolution. Giving notice must be undertaken by advertising the details in the Shropshire Star newspaper for two consecutive weeks and by serving a notice on every parish and town council in the administrative area of Shropshire Council. The service of the notice on the parish and town councils must be no later than the date on which the advertisement in the Shropshire Star is first published. This process, in effect, legally requires the Council to widely publicise its intention to remove the zones, thus helping to ensure the public and wider stakeholders across the county are aware of the change. The legal requirements will be supplemented by additional voluntary information provided on the Council's website and through both corporate and service social media messaging.

The arrangements to implement and address the impact of the removal of the zones will be incorporated into the Council's revised Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy 2019 – 2023, which is subject to a separate consultation and will be due to take effect from the 1 April 2019. Applicants and licence holders, including those who are not already aware of the revision of this policy as a result of the consultation undertaken between June to September 2018, will be made aware of the implementation of the revised policy through normal licensing processes and it will be available on the Council's website. This will ensure that the taxi and private hire trade, together with the public and other relevant stakeholders, have ongoing access to the policy that clearly sets out the Council's expectations for

applicants and licence holders over the next four years as it relates to the licensing of wheelchair accessible vehicles and the wider taxi and private hire licensing regime. Licensing staff will remind all taxi proprietors by email/letter of the changes that will be implemented at appropriate intervals throughout the period up to 1 April 2021 to ensure that all those who want to continue to operate a licensed taxi from that date are able to do so in accordance with the wheelchair accessibility requirements.

Proactive and visible enforcement of the requirements of relevant legislation, particularly Sections 165 and 167 of the Equality Act 2010, will further enhance the positive impact of the removal of the zones. Any complaints/information that indicate licensed drivers are discriminating against wheelchair users, will be fully investigated by the Trading Standards & Licensing Service, and, where sufficient evidence exists and it is in line with the Council's Better Regulation and Enforcement Policy, legal proceedings will be pursued, together with the application of the full range of licensing sanctions, including licence revocation, where this is proportionate. In addition, the work that is currently ongoing to publish the Council's Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles prior to the end of 2018 will also enhance the positive impact of the change.

Removal of the existing zones will not lead to a reduction in wheelchair accessible vehicles in Shropshire; those that are already wheelchair accessible (both taxi and private hire) will remain accessible. If taxi proprietors who currently operate outside of zone 4 decide not to change their taxis so that they are wheelchair accessible, they will re-licence as non-wheelchair accessible private hire vehicles, i.e. the accessibility of the vehicle will remain the same. The only practical implication is that those vehicles that are then licensed as private hire vehicles cannot then be 'hailed' in the street; however, this has never been the primary manner by which taxis are used in Shropshire. With the exception of Shrewsbury, in the majority of cases, passengers pre-book taxis in the same way as they are legally required to do for private hire vehicles.

To further enhance the positive impact, there is a commitment to continue to work with the trade on a voluntary basis to further understand and address vehicle accessibility issues across the taxi and private hire fleet in line with Government expectations set out in the Inclusive Transport Strategy.

Actions to review and monitor the impact of the service change

Whilst there will be ongoing opportunities to review and monitor the impact of the removal of the existing five zones, the procedural steps described in the 'Actions to mitigate negative impact or enhance positive impact of the service change' section above are important, because, once the zones are removed, the Council has no power to re-introduce the existing five zones or to create any other combination of zones; hence, should any adverse impacts arise as a result of the removal of the zones, they will have to be addressed through alternative solutions.

There will be opportunities for ongoing dialogue with the trade through direct contact and 'Taxi Forums' or similar meetings that will provide the opportunity for the trade to provide feedback to the licensing team. A dedicated telephone number and email address is and will continue to be generally publicised on the Council's website for other stakeholders, including disability organisations and members of the public (able-bodied, wheelchair users and those with other disabilities), to provide feedback on the impact of the removal of the existing five zones. In addition, these contacts, together with social media contacts, will be publicised in taxi and

private hire vehicles to encourage passengers to provide feedback to the Council. All feedback will be recorded either on the Idox system used to administer the licensing regime or in appropriate electronic files maintained by the Licensing Team Manager.

Licensing staff will be able to monitor the number of wheelchair accessible vehicles, both taxis and private hire, through the administration of the vehicle licensing process. Wheelchair users, carers and disability groups will be able to find out about the availability of wheelchair accessible vehicles by accessing the Council's Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles and provide feedback to licensing staff and to elected Members accordingly.

Licensing staff will work with wheelchair users and disability groups to determine the most appropriate mechanisms to distribute and provide access to the Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles to ensure those who need the information actually have access to it. They will also continue to work with the taxi and private hire trade to respond to any feedback that is provided, including taking steps to advise, assist and provide guidance to the trade in order to facilitate an increase in the number of wheelchair accessible vehicles operating in Shropshire.

Elected Member involvement will continue through the Strategic Licensing Committee and the Licensing & Safety Sub-Committee, with issues brought before these Committees, as appropriate. This will include reports detailing any issues/concerns that arise as a result of the information that is published on the Council's Designated List of Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles.

As the consultation did not include a direct approach to the West Mercia Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC), who covers a wider area than Shropshire with commensurate potential policy impact for other local authorities and police authorities besides West Mercia, the PCC and other police forces, in addition to West Mercia, will be briefed on the developments, once the outcomes from the Strategic Licensing Committee and Council are known. This will assist in the sharing of good practice and relevant knowledge across geographical and agency boundaries.

Scrutiny at Part One screening stage

People involved	Signatures	Date
Lead officer carrying out the screening Frances Darling – Trading Standards & Licensing Operations Manager	Frances M. Parling	23 November 2018
Any internal support* Mandy Beever – Transactional and Licensing Team Manager	Affer	27 November 2018
Kate Roberts – Public Protection Officer (Professional)	KRasers.	27 November 2018
Any external support** Lois Dale – Rurality and Equalities Specialist	Liss Dale	23 November 2018

Head of Service Rod Thomson – Director of Public Health	Rod Thomson	30 November 2018	
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^{*}This refers to other officers within the service area

Sign off at Part One screening stage

Name	Signatures	Date
Lead officer's name Frances Darling – Trading Standards & Licensing Operations Manager	Frances M. Darling	30 November 2018
Head of Service's name Rod Thomson – Director of Public Health	Rod Thomson	30 November 2018

^{**}This refers either to support external to the service but within the Council, eg from the Rurality and Equalities Specialist, or support external to the Council, eg from a peer authority